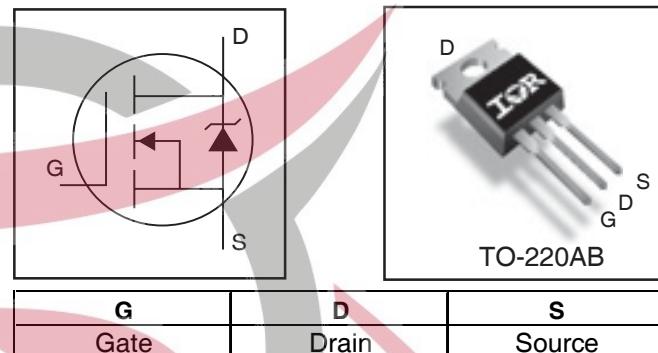


IRFB4227PbF

Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Key Parameters Optimized for PDP Sustain, Energy Recovery and Pass Switch Applications
- Low E_{PULSE} Rating to Reduce Power Dissipation in PDP Sustain, Energy Recovery and Pass Switch Applications
- Low Q_G for Fast Response
- High Repetitive Peak Current Capability for Reliable Operation
- Short Fall & Rise Times for Fast Switching
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature for Improved Ruggedness
- Repetitive Avalanche Capability for Robustness and Reliability
- Class-D Audio Amplifier 300W-500W (Half-bridge)

Key Parameters		
V_{DS} max	200	V
V_{DS} (Avalanche) typ.	240	V
$R_{DS(ON)}$ typ. @ 10V	19.7	$m\Omega$
I_{RP} max @ $T_C = 100^\circ C$	130	A
T_J max	175	$^\circ C$



Description

This HEXFET® Power MOSFET is specifically designed for Sustain; Energy Recovery & Pass switch applications in Plasma Display Panels. This MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve low on-resistance per silicon area and low E_{PULSE} rating. Additional features of this MOSFET are 175°C operating junction temperature and high repetitive peak current capability. These features combine to make this MOSFET a highly efficient, robust and reliable device for PDP driving applications.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 30	V
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	65	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	46	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	260	
I_{RP} @ $T_C = 100^\circ C$	Repetitive Peak Current ②	130	
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	330	W
P_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	190	
	Linear Derating Factor	2.2	W/ $^\circ C$
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-40 to + 175	$^\circ C$
	Soldering Temperature for 10 seconds	300	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	N

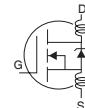
Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ④	—	0.45	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ④	—	62	

Notes ① through ⑥ are on page 8

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	200	—	—	V	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	170	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{\text{DS(on)}}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	19.7	24	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 46\text{A}$ ③
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	5.0	V	$V_{\text{DS}} = V_{\text{GS}}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{\text{GS(th)}}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-13	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	$V_{\text{DS}} = 200\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	1.0	mA	$V_{\text{DS}} = 200\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100	—	$V_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	49	—	—	S	$V_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}, I_D = 46\text{A}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	70	98	nC	$V_{\text{DD}} = 100\text{V}, I_D = 46\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}$ ③
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	23	—	—	
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	33	—	ns	$V_{\text{DD}} = 100\text{V}$ $I_D = 46\text{A}$ $R_G = 2.5\Omega$ $V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}$ ③
t_r	Rise Time	—	20	—	—	
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	21	—	—	
t_f	Fall Time	—	31	—	—	
t_{st}	Shoot Through Blocking Time	100	—	—	ns	$V_{\text{DD}} = 160\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 15\text{V}, R_G = 4.7\Omega$
E_{PULSE}	Energy per Pulse	—	570	—	μJ	$L = 220\text{nH}, C = 0.4\mu\text{F}, V_{\text{GS}} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{\text{DS}} = 160\text{V}, R_G = 4.7\Omega, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	910	—	—	$L = 220\text{nH}, C = 0.4\mu\text{F}, V_{\text{GS}} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{\text{DS}} = 160\text{V}, R_G = 4.7\Omega, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	4600	—	pF	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	460	—		$V_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	91	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz},$
$C_{\text{oss eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	360	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 0\text{V to } 160\text{V}$
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.)
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		from package and center of die contact

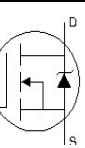


Avalanche Characteristics

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	—	140	mJ
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	—	33	mJ
$V_{\text{DS(Avalanche)}}$	Repetitive Avalanche Voltage ①	240	—	V
I_{AS}	Avalanche Current ②	—	39	A

Diode Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_s @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	65	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	260		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_s = 46\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	100	150	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 46\text{A}, V_{\text{DD}} = 50\text{V}$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	430	640	nC	$dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ③



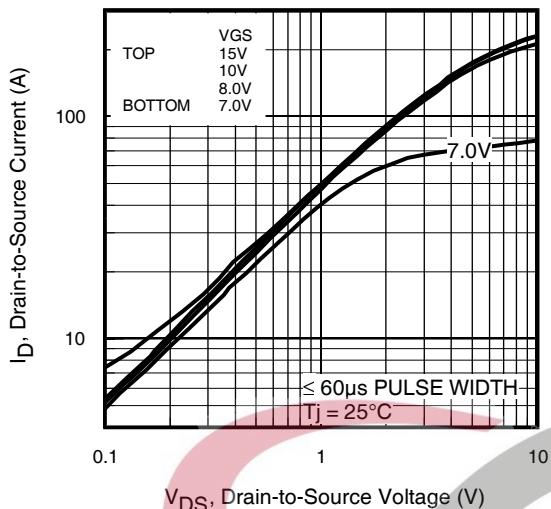


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

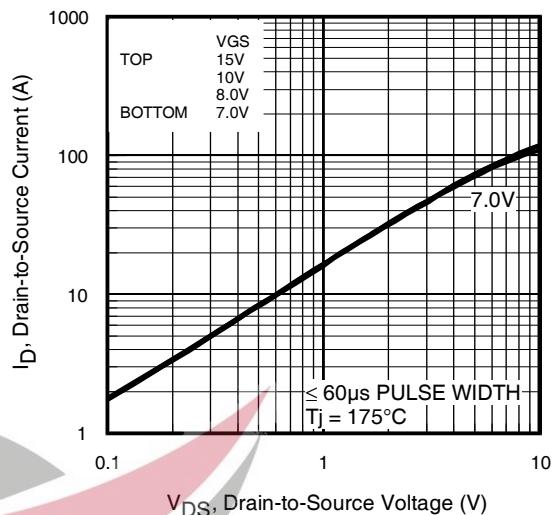


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

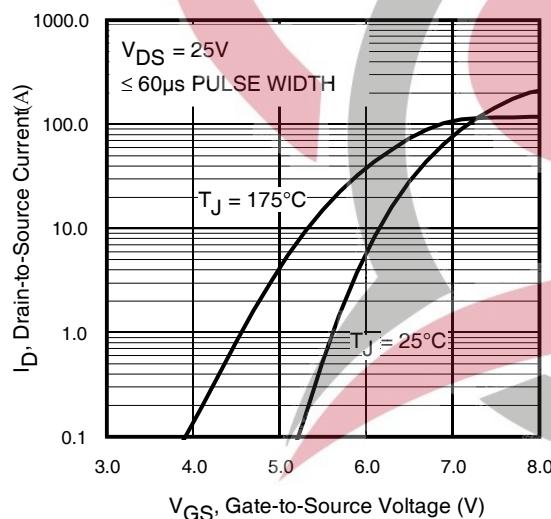


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

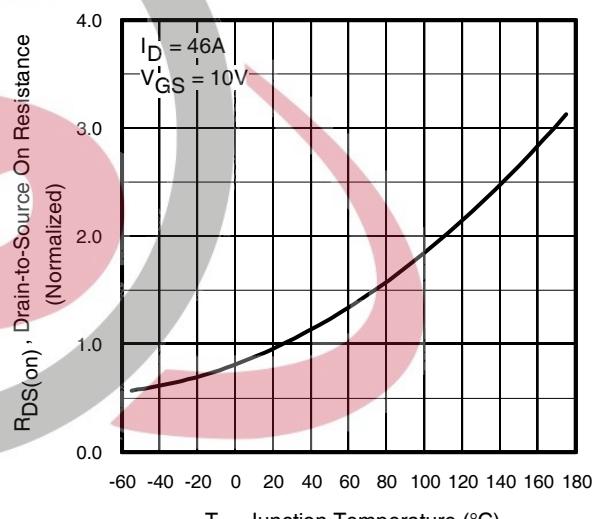


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

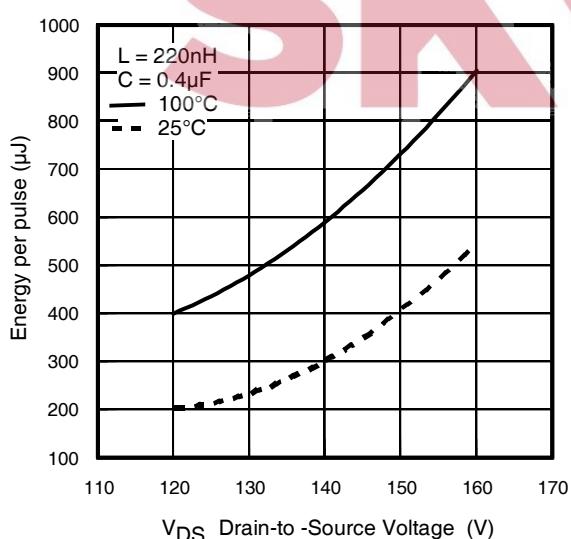


Fig 5. Typical E_{PULSE} vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

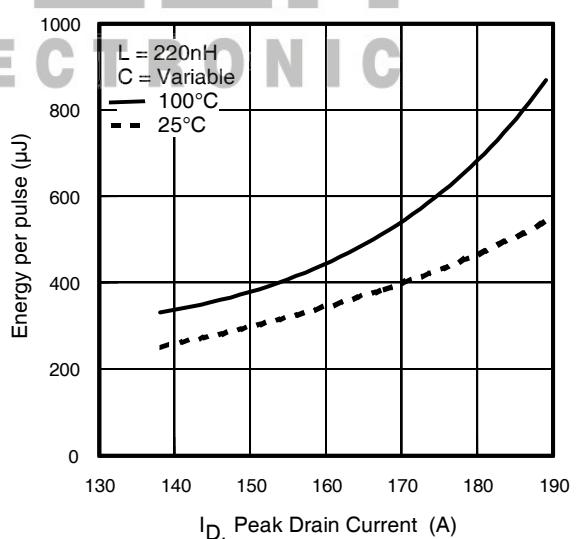


Fig 6. Typical E_{PULSE} vs. Drain Current

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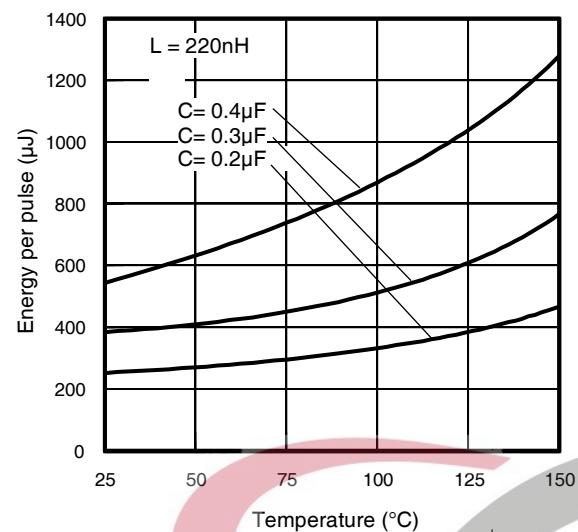


Fig 7. Typical E_{PULSE} vs. Temperature

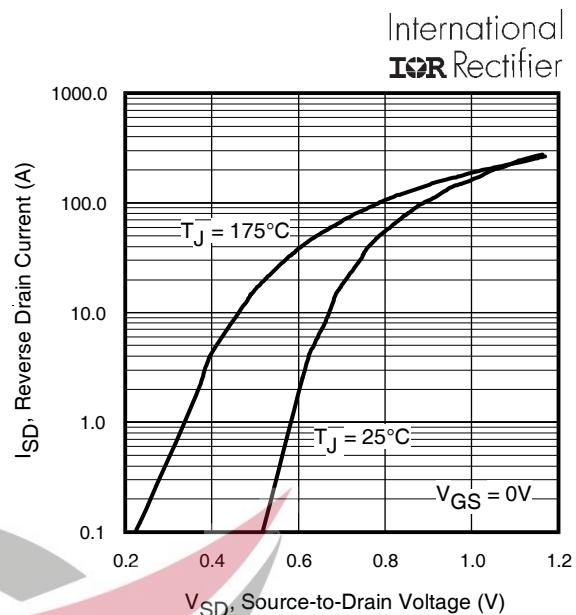


Fig 8. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

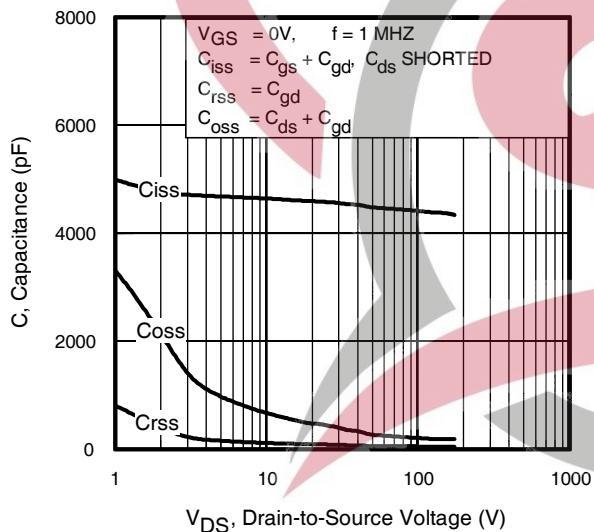


Fig 9. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

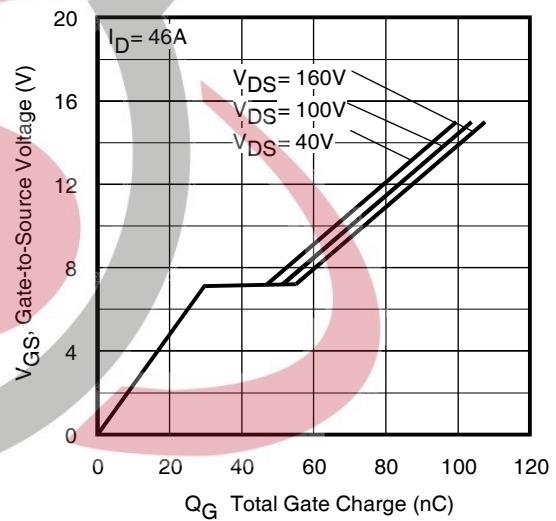


Fig 10. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

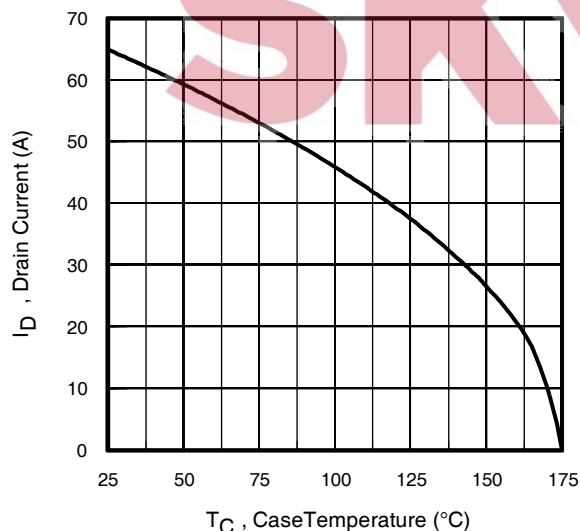


Fig 11. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

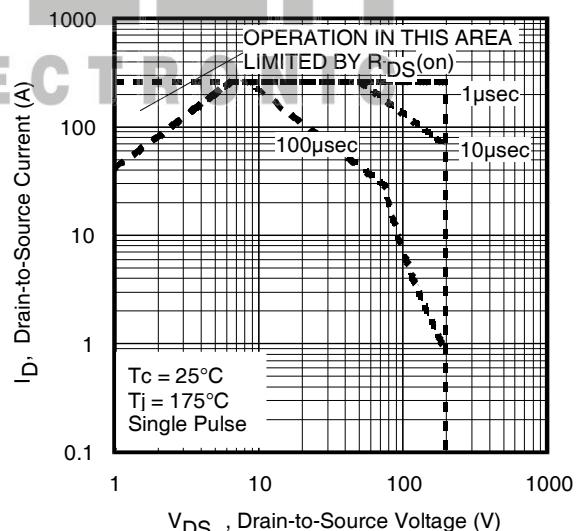


Fig 12. Maximum Safe Operating Area

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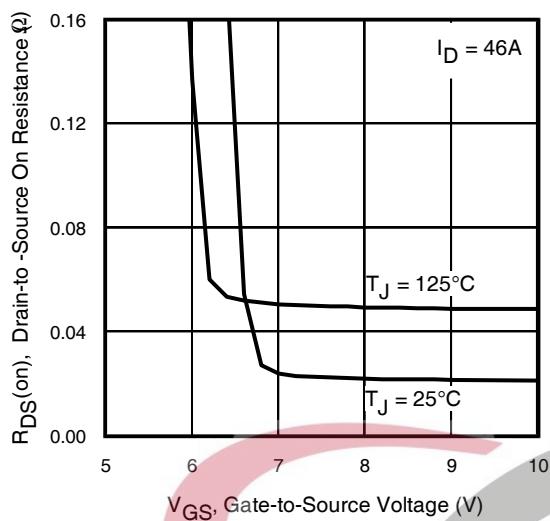


Fig 13. On-Resistance Vs. Gate Voltage

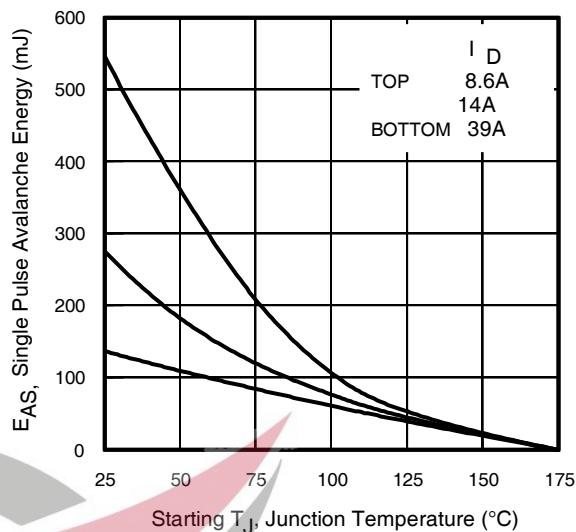


Fig 14. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

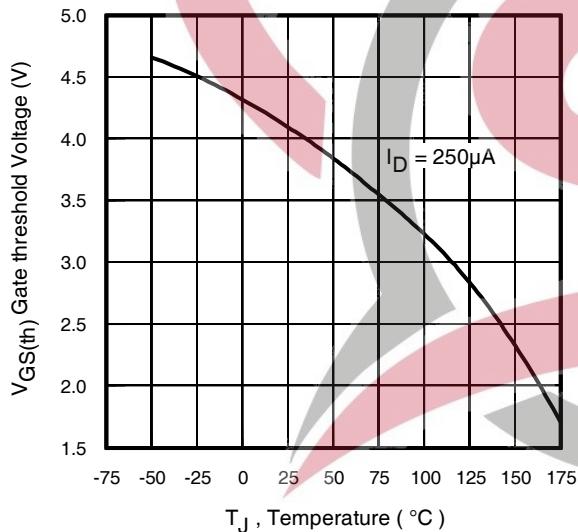


Fig 15. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

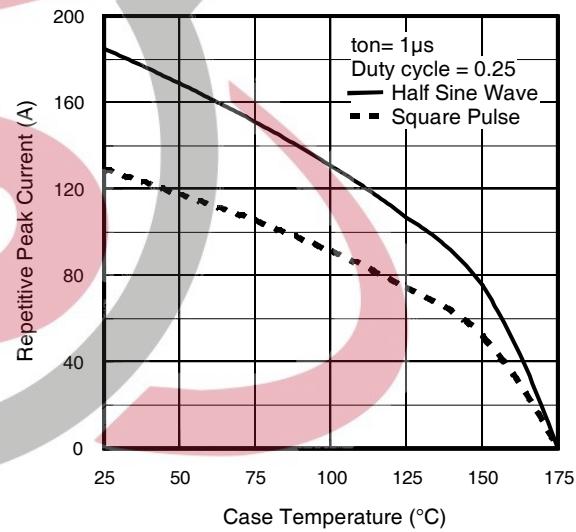


Fig 16. Typical Repetitive peak Current vs. Case temperature

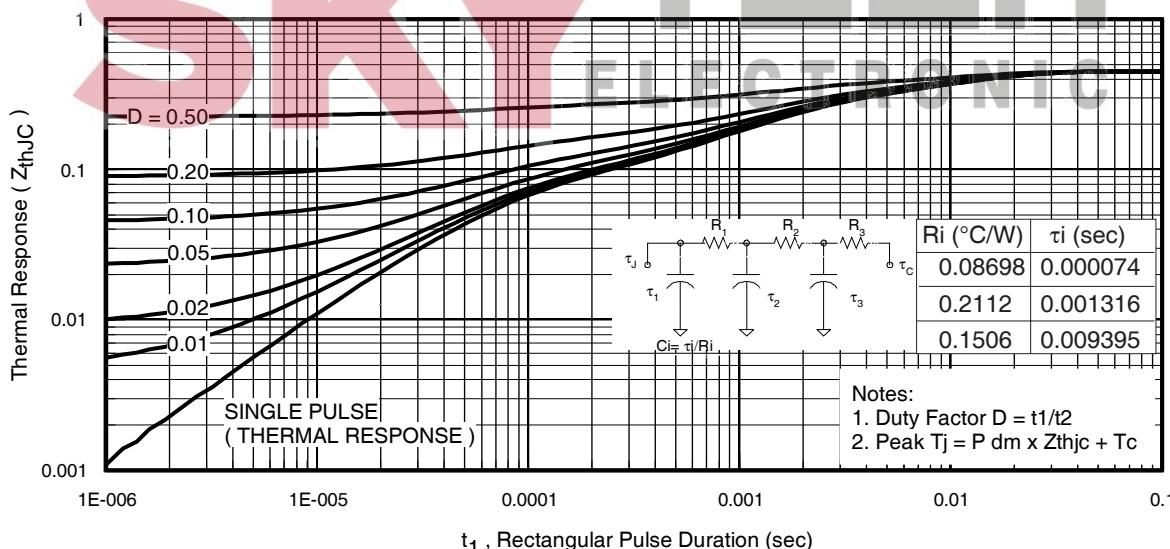


Fig 17. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

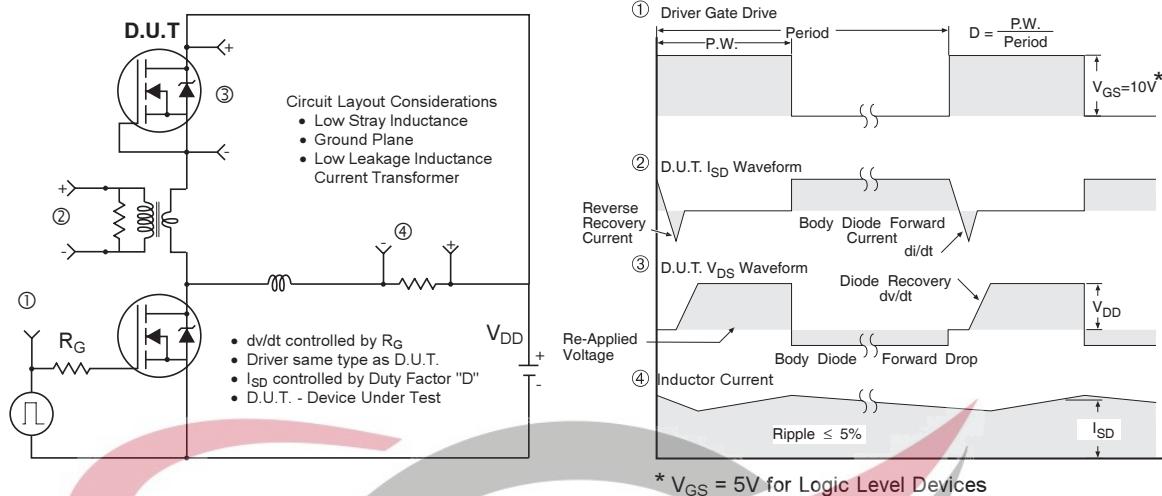


Fig 18. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

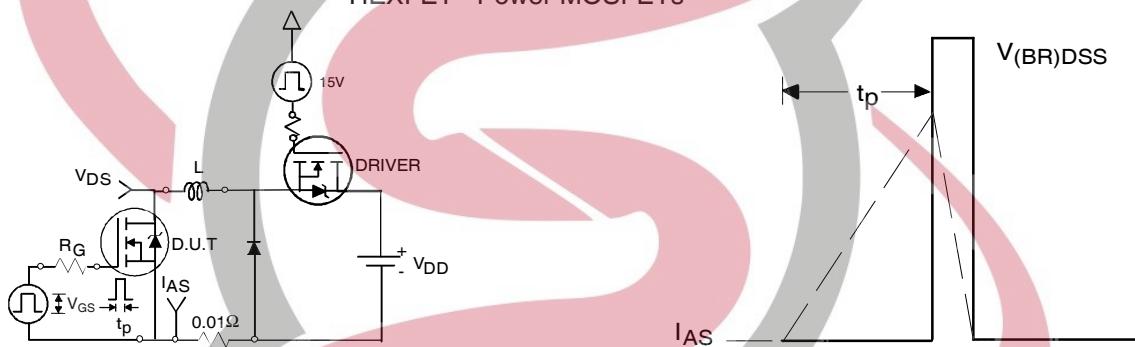
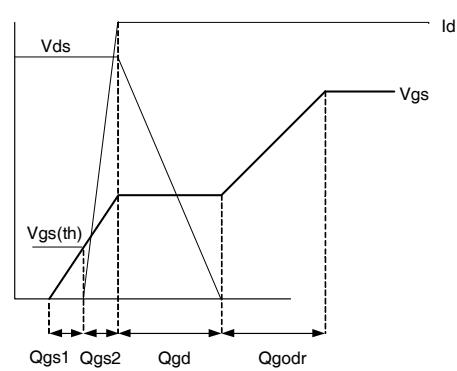
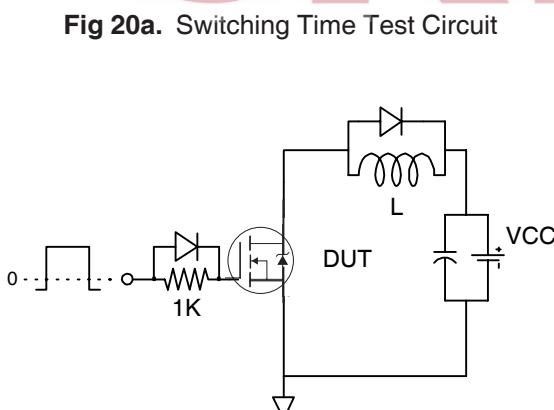
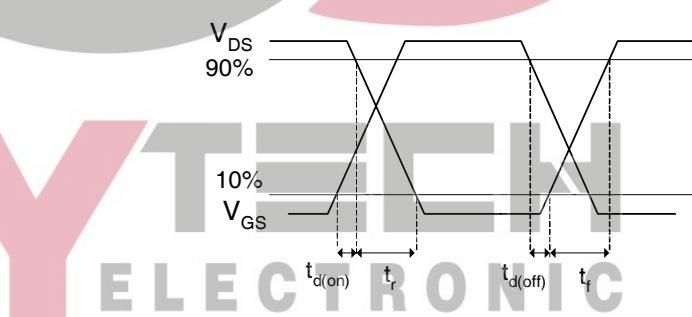
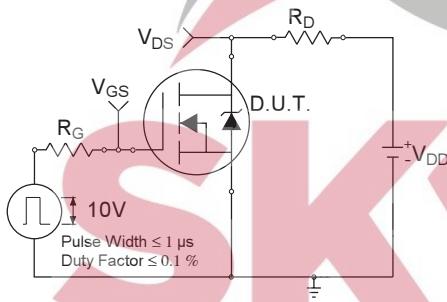


Fig 19a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

Fig 19b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



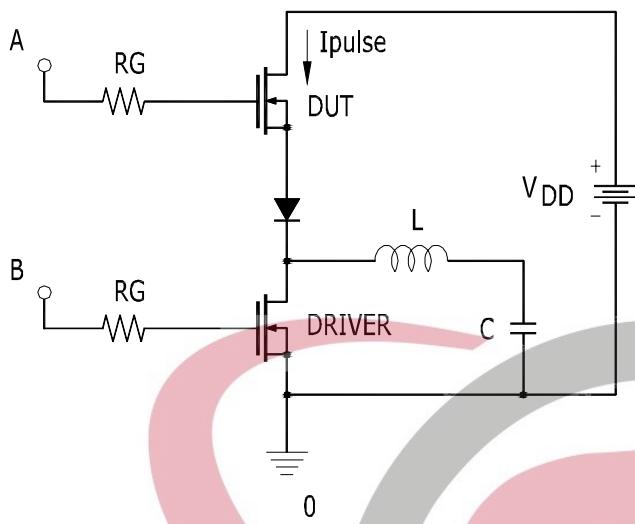


Fig 21a. t_{st} and E_{PULSE} Test Circuit

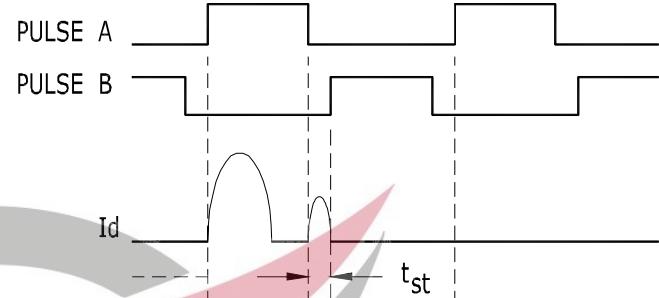


Fig 21b. t_{st} Test Waveforms

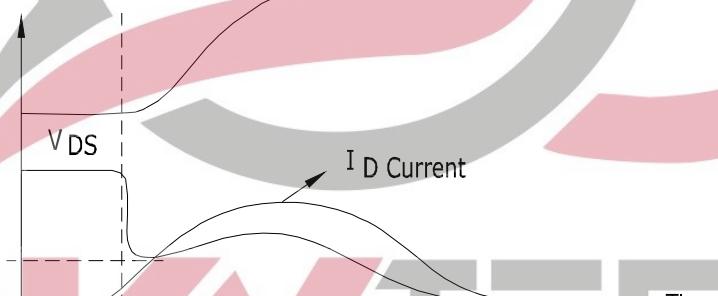
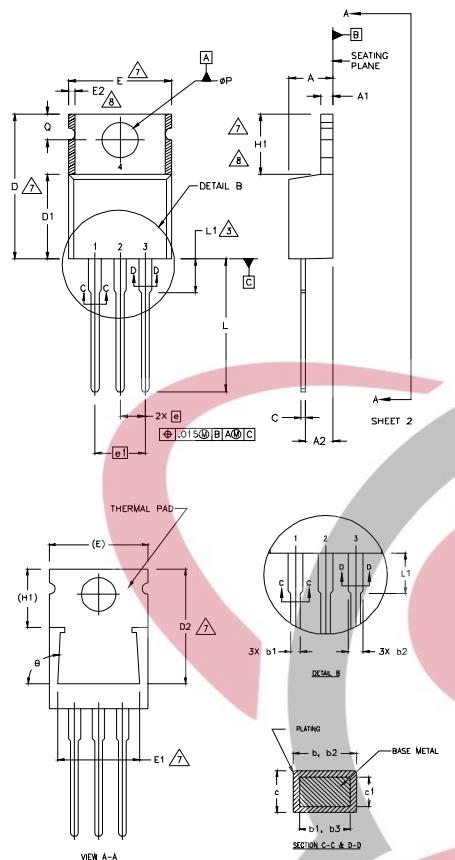


Fig 21c. E_{PULSE} Test Waveforms

TO-220AB Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



NOTES:

- 1 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- 2 DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3 LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 4 DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5 CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
- 6 THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E1, H1, & D1
- 7 DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

- HEXFET**
1 - GATE
2 - DRAIN
3 - SOURCE

IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1 - GATE
2 - COLLECTOR
3 - Emitter

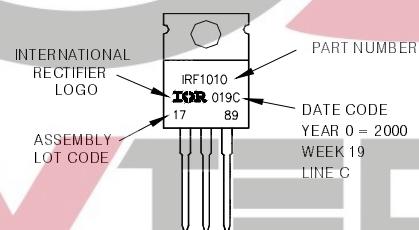
DIODES
1 - ANODE/OPEN
2 - CATHODE
3 - ANODE

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES	
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	3.56	4.82	.140	.190		
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055		
A2	2.04	2.92	.080	.115		
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040		
b1	0.38	0.96	.015	.038	5	
b2	1.15	1.77	.045	.070		
b3	1.15	1.73	.045	.068		
c	0.36	0.61	.014	.024		
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	5	
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4	
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355		
D2	12.19	12.88	.480	.507	7	
E	9.66	10.66	.380	.420	4,7	
E1	8.38	8.89	.330	.350	7	
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC			
e1	5.08		.200 BSC			
H1	5.85	6.55	.230	.270	7,8	
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580		
L1	-	6.35	-	.250	3	
ØP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161		
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135		
Ø	90°-93°		90°-93°			

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE 'C'

Note: 'P' in assembly line position
indicates 'Lead - Free'



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.18\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 39\text{A}$.
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ R_θ is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C .
- ⑤ Half sine wave with duty cycle = 0.25, $t_{on}=1\mu\text{sec}$.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International
IR Rectifier

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TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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